IN THE CLAIMS:

1. (currently amended) A method for reconstructing an image of an object in a computed tomographic imaging system, said method comprising:

scanning an object using a computed tomographic (CT) imaging apparatus to acquire projections of the object;

determining a set of thresholds utilizing said projections;

associating selected smoothing kernels with said thresholds;

utilizing said smoothing kernels and said projections to produce <u>three-dimensional</u> smoothed projections in accordance with said thresholds; and

filtering and backprojecting the <u>three-dimensional</u> smoothed projections to generate an image of the object <u>in the computed tomographic imaging system</u>.

- 2. (original) A method in accordance with Claim 1 wherein said determining a set of thresholds comprises determining a set of four thresholds comprising a high threshold, a medium threshold, a low threshold, and a very low threshold, and wherein a smoothing kernel is associated with each said threshold.
- 3. (original) A method in accordance with Claim 2 wherein a one-to-one correspondence exists between said smoothing kernels and said thresholds.
 - 4. (cancelled)
- 5. (original) A method in accordance with Claim 1 wherein said utilizing smoothing kernels and said projections to produce smoothed projections comprises utilizing a smoothing gain factor to modulate smoothing of said smoothed projections.
- 6. (original) A method in accordance with Claim 5 wherein said smoothing gain factor is a function of said projections.
- 7. (withdrawn) A method for reconstructing an image of an object, said method comprising:

scanning an object using a computed tomographic (CT) imaging apparatus to acquire projections of the object;

producing temporary values utilizing the acquired projections, said producing temporary values including the production of prepped projections to a point prior to a logarithmic operation;

determining shading reduction (SR) factors as a function of the temporary values; conditionally multiplying the prepped projections using the SR factors; smoothing the prepped projections in accordance with pre-selected thresholds;

determining final projections utilizing unsmoothed prepped projections and smoothed prepped projections; and

filtering and backprojecting the final projections to generate an image of the object.

- 8. (withdrawn) A method in accordance with Claim 7 wherein said producing temporary values further comprises multiplying said prepped projection values by a constant.
- 9. (withdrawn) A method in accordance with Claim 7 further comprising clipping said SR factors to avoid logarithmic singularities.
- 10. (withdrawn) A method in accordance with Claim 7 wherein said smoothing the prepared projections in accordance with pre-selected thresholds comprises using different degrees of smoothing depending upon which of the pre-selected thresholds are triggered.
- 11. (withdrawn) A method in accordance with Claim 7 wherein said smoothing comprises 3D smoothing.
- 12. (withdrawn) A method in accordance with Claim 7 wherein said smoothing is directional.
- 13. (withdrawn) A method in accordance with Claim 7 wherein said smoothing is adaptive.

- 14. (withdrawn) A method in accordance with Claim 7 further comprising determining smoothing gain factors in accordance with a relative strength of the smoothed prepped projections.
 - 15. (currently amended) A CT imaging apparatus configured to comprising:
 - a first module configured to scan an object to acquire projections of the object;
 - a second module configured to determine a set of thresholds utilizing said projections;
- <u>a third module configured to</u> associate selected smoothing kernels with said thresholds;
- <u>a fourth module configured to</u> utilize said smoothing kernels and said projections to produce <u>three-dimensional</u> smoothed projections in accordance with said thresholds; and
- <u>a fifth module configured to</u> filter and backproject the <u>three-dimensional</u> smoothed projections to generate an image of the object.
- 16. (currently amended) An apparatus in accordance with Claim 15 wherein to determine a set of thresholds, said apparatus second module is configured to determine a set of four thresholds comprising a high threshold, a medium threshold, a low threshold, and a very low threshold, and to associate a smoothing kernel with each said threshold.
- 17. (original) An apparatus in accordance with Claim 16 wherein said smoothing kernels and said thresholds exist in one-to-one correspondence.
 - 18. (cancelled)
- 19. (currently amended) An apparatus in accordance with Claim 15 wherein to utilize smoothing kernels and said projections to produce <u>three-dimensional</u> smoothed projections, said <u>apparatus</u> <u>fourth module</u> is configured to utilize a smoothing gain factor to modulate smoothing of said smoothed projections.
- 20. (original) An apparatus in accordance with Claim 19 wherein said smoothing gain factor is a function of said projections.
 - 21. (withdrawn) A CT imaging apparatus configured to:

scan an object to acquire projections of the object;

produce temporary values utilizing the acquired projections, wherein said production of temporary values includes the production of prepped projections to a point prior to a logarithmic operation;

determine shading reduction (SR) factors as a function of the temporary values;

conditionally multiply the prepped projections using the SR factors;

smooth the prepped projections in accordance with pre-selected thresholds;

determine final projections utilizing unsmoothed prepped projections and smoothed prepped projections; and

filter and backproject the final projections to generate an image of the object.

- 22. (withdrawn) An apparatus in accordance with Claim 21 wherein to produce temporary values, said apparatus is further configured to multiply said prepped projection values by a constant.
- 23. (withdrawn) An apparatus in accordance with Claim 21 further configured to clip said SR factors to avoid logarithmic singularities.
- 24. (withdrawn) An apparatus in accordance with Claim 21 wherein to smooth the prepped projections in accordance with pre-selected thresholds, said apparatus is configured to use different degrees of smoothing depending upon which of the pre-selected thresholds are triggered.
- 25. (withdrawn) An apparatus in accordance with Claim 21 wherein said smoothing comprises 3D smoothing.
- 26. (withdrawn) An apparatus in accordance with Claim 21 wherein said smoothing is directional.
- 27. (withdrawn) An apparatus in accordance with Claim 21 wherein said smoothing is adaptive.

- 28. (withdrawn) An apparatus in accordance with Claim 21 further configured to determine smoothing gain factors in accordance with a relative strength of the smoothed prepped projections.
- 29. (currently amended) A computer-readable medium having instructions thereon configured to instruct a computer to:

determine a set of thresholds utilizing projections obtained by scanning an object; associate selected smoothing kernels with said thresholds;

utilize smoothing kernels and said projections to produce <u>three-dimensional</u> smoothed projections in accordance with said thresholds; and

filter and backproject the <u>three-dimensional</u> smoothed projections to generate an image of the object.

- 30. (original) A computer-readable medium in accordance with Claim 29 wherein to determine a set of thresholds, said computer-readable medium is configured to instruct the computer to determine a set of four thresholds comprising a high threshold, a medium threshold, a low threshold, and a very low threshold, and to associate a smoothing kernel with each said threshold.
- 31. (original) A computer-readable medium in accordance with Claim 30 wherein said smoothing kernels and said thresholds exist in one-to-one correspondence.
 - 32. (cancelled)
- 33. (currently amended) A computer-readable medium in accordance with Claim 29 wherein to utilize smoothing kernels and said projections to produce <u>three-dimensional</u> smoothed projections, said machine-readable medium is configured to instruct the computer to utilize a smoothing gain factor to modulate smoothing of said smoothed projections.
- 34. (original) A computer-readable medium in accordance with Claim 33 wherein said smoothing gain factor is a function of said projections.
- 35. (withdrawn) A computer-readable medium having instructions thereon configured to instruct a computer to:

produce temporary values utilizing projections acquired from a scan of an object, wherein said production of temporary values includes the production of prepaded projections to a point prior to a logarithmic operation;

determine shading reduction (SR) factors as a function of the temporary values;

conditionally multiply the prepped projections using the SR factors;

smooth the prepped projections in accordance with pre-selected thresholds;

determine final projections utilizing unsmoothed prepped projections and smoothed prepped projections; and

filter and backproject the final projections to generate an image of the object.

- 36. (withdrawn) A computer-readable medium in accordance with Claim 35 wherein to produce temporary values, said computer readable medium is further configured to instruct the computer to multiply said prepped projection values by a constant.
- 37. (withdrawn) A computer-readable medium in accordance with Claim 35 further configured to instruct the computer to clip said SR factors to avoid logarithmic singularities.
- 38. (withdrawn) A computer-readable medium in accordance with Claim 35 wherein to smooth the preped projections in accordance with pre-selected thresholds, said computer-readable medium is configured to instruct the computer to use different degrees of smoothing depending upon which of the pre-selected thresholds are triggered.
- 39. (withdrawn) A computer-readable medium in accordance with Claim 35 wherein said smoothing comprises 3D smoothing.
- 40. (withdrawn) A computer-readable medium in accordance with Claim 35 wherein said smoothing is directional.
- 41. (withdrawn) A computer-readable medium in accordance with Claim 35 wherein said smoothing is adaptive.
- 42. (withdrawn) A computer-readable medium in accordance with Claim 35 further configured to instruct the computer to determine smoothing gain factors in accordance with a relative strength of the smoothed prepaded projections.